

VARIETY.

Respect to Old Age.

A young gentleman fresh from college, who had more knowledge of books than of men, was wending his way to the Rev. Dr. C—, of Connecticut. The doctor was extensively known and respected for his energy of character, his learning and moral worth. But like the great apostle, he did not disdain to "labor with his own hands."

With a letter of introduction to the aged divine, whom he had known only by reputation, our genteel young friend was seeking the privilege of an acquaintance with him.

"Old daddy," said he to an aged laborer in the field by the way-side, whose flapped hat and coarse looking overcoat (it was a lowering day) and dark complexion and features, contrasted strongly with his own broadcloth, kid gloves, and fair person—"Old daddy, tell me where the Rev. Dr. C— lives."

"In the house you see yonder," the old man modestly replied.

Without condescending to thank him for the information, the young man rode on, and soon found himself seated in the parlor of Dr. C—'s hospitable residence; and at the invitation of the lady of the house, awaiting the expected arrival of the doctor.

In due time the host appeared, having returned from the field, laid aside his wet garments and adjusted his person. But to the surprise and confusion of the young guest, whom should he meet in the person of the doctor but the same Old Daddy whom he had so unceremoniously accosted on his way.

"It was very respectful in you," said the venerable divine, with an arch look, and a pleasant tone—for the old parson was not wanting in wit and humor—"It was very respectful in you to call me old daddy; I always love to see young men show respect to old age."

The confusion and mortification of the young man were indescribable. He could have sunk through the floor and buried himself in the darkness of the cellar beneath. With a countenance crimsoned with blushes, he began to stammer out an apology for his incivility.

"No apology," said the doctor, very pleasantly. "I always love to see respect shown to old age."

But the kindness and assiduity of the family could not relieve the unpleasantness of his situation; a sense of the mortifying blunder he had committed, marred all the anticipated pleasure of the interview, and he was glad to take his leave as soon as he could with decency.

This item of his experience was no doubt a valuable lesson to him. And if the young readers will learn from this story not to judge of a man's worth by the dress he has on, it will be a good lesson to them, and possibly save them from many mistakes.

A BEAUTIFUL INCIDENT.—William IV expired about midnight at Windsor Palace. The Archbishop of Canterbury, with other peers and high functionaries of the kingdom were in attendance. As soon as the "sceptre had departed" with the last breath of the king, the archbishop quitted Windsor Castle, and made his way with all possible speed to Kensington Palace, the residence at that time of the princess—already, by the law of succession, Queen Victoria. He arrived long before daylight, announced himself, and requested an immediate interview with the princess. She hastily attired herself, and met the venerable prelate in her ante-room. He informed her of the demise of William, and formally announced to her that she was, in law and right, successor to the deceased monarch.

"The sovereignty of the most powerful nation of the earth lay at the feet of a girl of eighteen." This was, *de jure*, queen of the only realm, in fact or history, "on which the sun never sets." She was deeply agitated at the formidable words "so fraught with blessings or calamity." The first words she was able to utter were these: "I ask your prayers in my behalf." They knelt down together; and Victoria inaugurated her reign, like the young King of Israel in the olden time, by asking from the Most High, who ruleth in the kingdoms of men, "an understanding heart to judge so great a people, who could not be numbered nor counted for multitude." The sequel of her reign has been worthy of such a beginning. Every throne in Europe has tottered since that day. Most of them for a time been overturned. That of England was never so firmly seated in the loyalty and love of the people as at this hour. Queen Victoria enjoys a personal influence, too—the heartfelt homage paid to her as a wife, a mother, and benefactor to the poor, a Christian woman—incomparably wiser and greater than any monarch now reigning. She is loved at home and admired abroad.

The thimble man dreams of fountains and running streams; the hungry man of ideal banquets; the poor man of heaps of hidden gold. Nothing certainly is more manifested than the imagination of a beggar. It is thus kind nature consoles with shadows for the lack of substance.

A Delightful Legend.

There is a charming tradition connected with the site on which the temple of Solomon was erected. It is said to have been occupied in common by two brothers, one of whom had a family; the other had none. On this spot was sown a field of wheat. On the evening succeeding the harvest the wheat having been gathered in separate shocks, the elder brother said unto his wife, "My younger brother is unable to bear the burden and heat of the day; I will arise, take of my shocks and place them with his without his knowledge." The younger brother being actuated by the same benevolent motives, said within himself, "My elder brother has a family, I have none; I will contribute to their support; I will arise take my shocks and place them with his, without his knowledge." Judge of their mutual astonishment when, on the following morning, they found their respective shocks undiminished. This course of events transpired for several nights, when each resolved in his own mind to stand guard and solve the mystery. They did so; when, on the following night, they met each other half way between their respective shocks, with their arms full. Upon ground hallowed by such association as this was the Temple of Solomon erected—so spacious and magnificent, the wonder and admiration of the world! Alas! in these days, how many would sooner steal their brother's whole shock, than add to it a single sheaf.

WHEN General Lee was in Washington, a short time ago, he set for his picture at Brady's gallery. The fact became known of course, and ever since Mr. Brady has been overrun with orders for copies of the picture. It would seem that almost every family in Washington, and many in Baltimore, wish to have hanging in their parlors a representation of the form and features of the great Confederate chieftain, to judge from the rush there has been for copies of the portrait. The latter, of course, is all that could be desired in the way of artistic excellence. Strays show the direction of the wind, and it is very evident that if the time ever comes when the American people will be allowed to manifest the real feeling of their hearts, they will confer upon Gen. Lee such a testimonial of their affection as will put to the blush the disgusting toadyism that is lavished upon General Grant.

TRIBUTE TO THE GALLANTRY OF CONFEDERATES.—Gen. Hooker, in his testimony before the Committee of Congress, on the conduct of the war, pays the following tribute to the Confederate troops: "Our artillery had always been superior to that of the Confederates, as was also our infantry, except in discipline, and that, for reasons not necessary to mention, never did equal Lee's army. With a rank and file vastly inferior to our own, intellectually and physically, Gen. Lee's has, by discipline alone, acquired a character for steadiness and efficiency unsurpassed, in my judgment, in ancient or modern times. We have never been able to rival it." Gen. Meade speaks of the "brave and gallant advance" of the confederates at Gettysburg. Hancock talks of their "wonderful spirit"—nothing could have been more spirited. Gen. Pleasanton, describing the disgraceful running away of the 11th army corps at Chancellorsville, accounts for it by "the combined effect upon the imagination of the sound of musketry, the yells of the Confederates and their increasing artillery fire. It was a theatrical effect Stonewall Jackson could produce better than any other man I have seen on the field of battle. You could tell one of his attacks anywhere—and the turn of the battle was Stonewall Jackson's death."

WASHINGTON'S FILIAL PIETY.—George Washington, when young was about to go to sea as a midshipman; everything was arranged, the vessel lay opposite his father's house, the little boat had come on shore to take him off, and his whole heart was bent on going. After his trunk had been carried down to the boat, he went to bid his mother farewell, and saw the tears bursting from her eyes. However, he said nothing to her; but he saw that she would be distressed if he went, and perhaps never be happy again. He just turned round to the servant and said, "Go and tell them to fetch my trunk. I will not go away to break my mother's heart." His mother was struck with his decision, and said to him, "God has promised to bless children that honor their parents, and I believe that he will bless you." The young man that thus honored his parents, was afterwards honored by his countrymen, and will be to the end of time.

The belief that this world is ultimately to be destroyed by fire is supported by the discovery that a similar fate has befallen far larger planets than ours. French astronomers assert that no fewer than fifteen hundred fixed stars have vanished from the firmament within the last three hundred years. Tycho Brahe gives an interesting account of a brilliant star of the largest size which, on account of its singular radiance, had become the special object of his daily observation for several months,

during which the star gradually became paler until its final disappearance. La Place says that one of the vanished fixed stars of the northern hemisphere affords indubitable evidence of having been consumed by fire. At first the star was of a dazzling white, next of a glowing red and yellow lustre, and finally it became pale and ash-colored. The burning of the star lasted sixteen months, when this sunny visitor, to which perhaps a whole series of planets may have owed allegiance, finally departed and became invisible forever.

ABSENT MINDED.—A good story is related of a conductor on one of the railroads centering in a certain village, who was a strict church-going man, and was always found promptly in his church on the Sabbath. One Saturday evening his train was in very late, and he did not take his customary amount of sleep—which, however, did not prevent him of attending divine service as usual. During the service, he unwittingly fell into a troubled sleep, soothed by the monotonous voice of the clergyman. Albeit once he sprang from his seat, thrust his hand under his arm, and giving his neighbor in front a push, shouted: "Tickets, sir!" The startled neighbor sprang to his feet also, which thoroughly aroused the conductor who, looking wildly around, and seeing all eyes turned towards him, instantly comprehended his position, and "slid" amid a suppressed titter from the whole congregation.

THE following dialogue took place on the Ohio railroad, between a "native" and a "down Easter":

Down Easter—Hallo stranger, you appear to be travelling?

Native—I always travel when I am on a journey.

I think I've seen you somewhere?

Very like! I've often been there.

Mightn't your name be Smith?

Well, it might—if it wasn't something else!

Have you been long in these parts?

Never longer than at present—five feet nine!

Do you calculate to remain here some time?

Well, I guess I'll stay till I'm ready to leave!

I reckon you were born in these parts?

Well, my native place is here or somewhere else.

You travel as if money was plenty with you?

Well, I might have more, and be richer.

Have you anything new?

Yes, I bought a whetstone this morning.

I thought so; you're the sharpest blade I've met with in many a day.

Obedience is the essence of the law.

State of South Carolina.
IN ORDINARY—CITATION.
WHEREAS, W. K. Easley hath applied to me for letters of administration upon the estate of J. A. Easley, sen., deceased, late of the District of Pickens and State aforesaid: The kindred and creditors of said deceased, are, therefore, cited to appear before me at Pickens C. H. on Monday the 9th day of April, 1866, to show cause, if any they can, why said letters should not be granted. Given under my hand and seal this 22d day of March, 1866.

W. E. HOLCOMBE, C. P. D.
The State of South Carolina,
PICKENS—IN EQUITY.
Peggy Baldwin vs. Bill to cancel Deed; for Dover, Relief, &c., &c.
J. L. Orr, Trustee, et als. vs. Bill for satisfaction that Wm. Hemtree and wife Margaret, David Linab, and the heirs-at-law of George W. Baldwin deceased, (names and number unknown) defendants in this case, reside without the limits of this State: On motion of McGowan & Adams, complainant's solicitors, it is ordered that these absent defendants do appear personally or by attorney, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's said bill of complaint, within three months from the publication hereof; otherwise, an order pro confesso will be entered against them.

ROBT. A. THOMPSON, C. P. D.
Com'r's Office, Jan 30, 1866 3m
THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,
PICKENS—IN EQUITY.
Elizabeth E. Hester, by her next friend, Sarah Caphart, vs. Bill for Construction of Will, Partition, Account, Discovery, Relief, &c.
Elizabeth Hester, Ex'rix, et als. vs. Bill for satisfaction that Henry Hester, one of the defendants in this case, resides without the limits of this State: On motion of McGowan & Adams, complainant's Solicitors, it is ordered that the said absent defendant do appear in this Court, either personally or by attorney, and plead, answer, or demur, to complainant's said bill of complaint, within three months from the publication hereof; otherwise an order pro confesso will be entered against him.

ROBT. A. THOMPSON, C. P. D.
Com'r's Office, Feb. 12, 1866 3m
THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,
IN ORDINARY—PICKENS.
L. N. Robins, Ex'or, vs. Petition for settlement of Estate.
Mary A. Caphart, et als. vs. Bill for satisfaction that the heirs-at-law of John Caphart, deceased, (names and number unknown): A. D. Rogers, Administrator of W. D. Rogers, deceased, reside without the limits of this State: It is ordered, therefore, that these said absent defendants do appear in the Court of Ordinary, at Pickens C. H., on Friday the 18th day of May next, to show cause why a final settlement of the Estate of Leonard Caphart, deceased, should not be then made, and a decree entered thereon.

W. E. HOLCOMBE, C. P. D.
Ordinary's Office, Feb. 12, 1866 3m
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J. E. HAGOOD,

AGENT FOR THE
SOUTHERN REAL ESTATE COMP'NY
WASHINGTON CITY, D. C.

PERSONS desirous of SELLING their FARMS, TIMBERED LANDS, MINES, MILL-SHOALS and any other kind of REAL ESTATE, can have the same sold for CASH through me as Agent for the Southern Real Estate Company. I will advertise and offer for sale all Real Estate without expense to the owners until sold.
Pickens C. H., Dec 7, 1865 13 1f

MILL'S HOUSE,

Corner Queen and Meeting Streets,
CHARLESTON, SO. CA.

THIS POPULAR AND WELL KNOWN HOUSE is now fully open for the reception of visitors, having been re-furnished with NEW AND ELEGANT FURNITURE throughout; and offers to the traveller accommodations and conveniences as a

FIRST CLASS HOTEL,

Not to be equalled by any other North or South. The patronage of the travelling public is respectfully solicited.

Rates of Board per day, \$4.00.

" " " month as may be agreed on.

JOSEPH PURCELL, Proprietor.

Feb. 18, 1866 23 1f

HUGHES & M'DADE,

NEAR WOLF CREEK, S. C.,

HAVE their WOOL CARDING MACHINERY in good working condition. They will give prompt attention to customers, and guarantee entire satisfaction.

March 5, 1866 25 3m

THE WALHALLA HOTEL,

D. RIEMANN, Proprietor.

THE Proprietor respectfully informs his friends, former patrons, and the public generally, that he has Re-opened this

Spacious, Well known Hotel,

For the accommodation of transient and permanent custom, and will take especial pains to provide for the comfort and convenience of his guests.

Walhalla is delightfully situated at the present terminus of the Blue Ridge Railroad, and the Hotel offers a pleasant home to regular boarders. The Hotel table is supplied with the best the market affords. Prices reasonable.

Walhalla, Dec 2, 1865 12 1f

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

In Equity—PICKENS.

Ex Parte. The Solicitor of the Western Circuit. vs. Bill to Perpetuate Testimony.

HON. J. P. REED, Solicitor of the Western Circuit, having filed a Bill in my office in conformity with a recent Act of the Legislature, entitled an "Act to perpetuate testimony in relation to Deeds, Wills, Choses in Action, other papers, and records destroyed or lost during the recent war;" It is ordered, that all persons interested therein, appear in this Court, and have taken and perpetuated all evidence which they shall produce, in relation to such lost papers, records, and so forth.

ROBT. A. THOMPSON, C. P. D.

Com'r's Office, March 3, 1866. 24-1f

The State of South Carolina,

PICKENS—IN ORDINARY.

John Ross vs. Petition for Partition.

Jesse R. Ross & others. vs. Bill to cancel Deed; for Dover, Relief, &c., &c.
J. L. Orr, Trustee, et als. vs. Bill for satisfaction that Wm. Hemtree and wife Margaret, David Linab, and the heirs-at-law of George W. Baldwin deceased, (names and number unknown) defendants in this case, reside without the limits of this State: On motion of McGowan & Adams, complainant's solicitors, it is ordered that these absent defendants do appear personally or by attorney, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's said bill of complaint, within three months from the publication hereof; otherwise, an order pro confesso will be entered against them.

ROBT. A. THOMPSON, C. P. D.

Com'r's Office, Jan 30, 1866 3m

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

PICKENS—IN EQUITY.

Mary A. Elrod, et als, vs. Bill for Relief, &c.

Alex. Bruce, Sr, et als. vs. Bill for satisfaction that Milton Blackburn, one of the defendants in this case, resides without the limits of this State: On motion, by McGowan & Adams, complainant's Solicitor, it is ordered that said absent defendant do appear in this Court, either personally or by attorney, and plead, answer, or demur, to complainant's said bill of complaint, within three months from the publication hereof; otherwise, an order pro confesso will be entered against him.

ROBT. A. THOMPSON, C. P. D.

Com'r's Office, Feb. 8, 1866 3m

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

In Equity—PICKENS.

Ex Parte. Daniel Broom. vs. Rule to show Cause.

It appearing to my satisfaction that Daniel Broom, Trustee of Barbara Kelly, is without the limits of this State: It is ordered, that the said Daniel Broom appear in this Court, within nine months from the publication of this notice, and show cause why his office of Trustee shall not be revoked, and suit instituted on his official bond.

ROBT. A. THOMPSON, C. P. D.

Com'r's Office, Feb. 12, 1866 3m

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

In Equity—PICKENS.

Ex Parte. Daniel Broom. vs. Rule to show Cause.

It appearing to my satisfaction that Daniel Broom, Trustee of Barbara Kelly, is without the limits of this State: It is ordered, that the said Daniel Broom appear in this Court, within nine months from the publication of this notice, and show cause why his office of Trustee shall not be revoked, and suit instituted on his official bond.

ROBT. A. THOMPSON, C. P. D.

Com'r's Office, Feb. 12, 1866 3m

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In Equity—PICKENS.

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ROBT. A. THOMPSON, C. P. D.

Com'r's Office, Feb. 12, 1866 3m

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In Equity—PICKENS.

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ROBT. A. THOMPSON, C. P. D.

Com'r's Office, Feb. 12, 1866 3m

TAKE DUE NOTICE,

AND

Govern Yourselves Accordingly.

IN CONSEQUENCE of the death of W. H. Dendy, one of the firm of W. H. Dendy & Co., all persons indebted to said firm, either by NOTE or ACCOUNT, are requested to call on DR. A. E. NORMAN, Walhalla, and make settlement; so as it will enable me to govern myself. Failing to do so, I will employ some one to call on you, whose expenses you will have to pay.

N. K. SULLIVAN, one of the above firm.

Nov 10, 1865 10 1f